

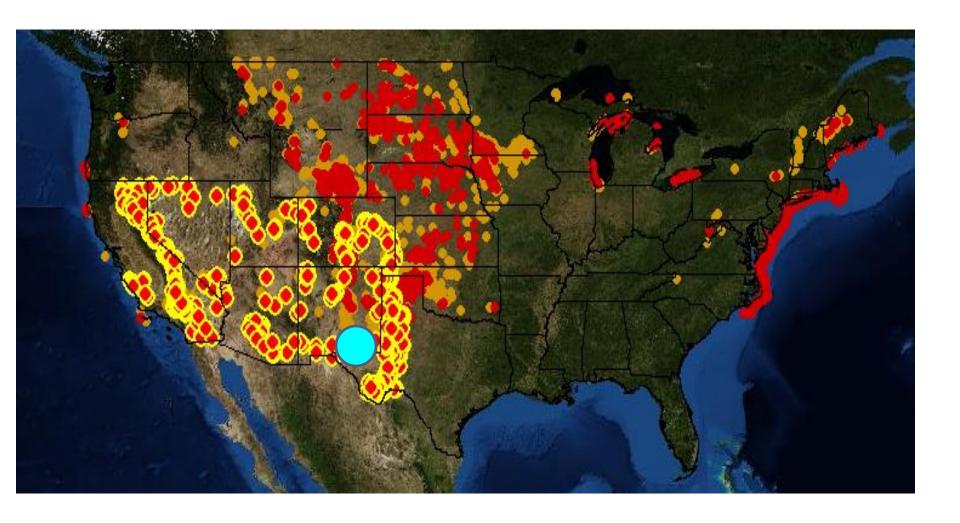
THE TRES AMIGAS SUPERSTATION

NMFA OC Meeting

August 27, 2013

The Location: Regional Renewable Resource Potential



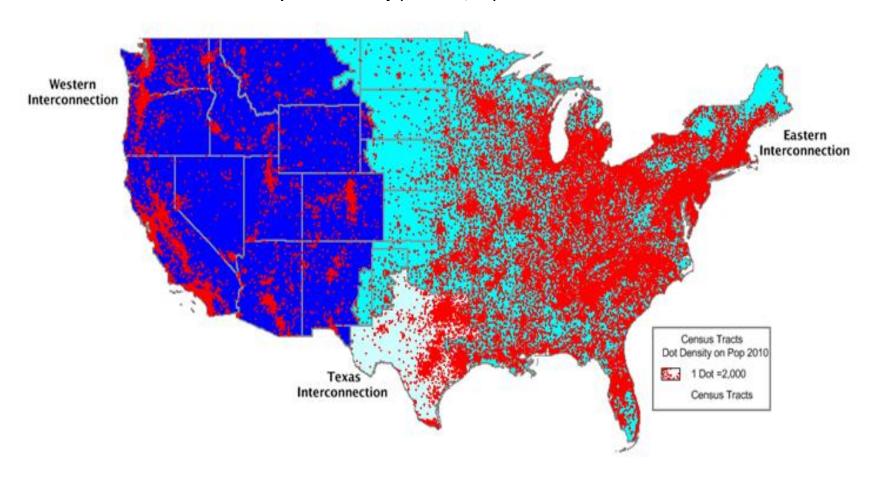


Source: NREL

US Population Map

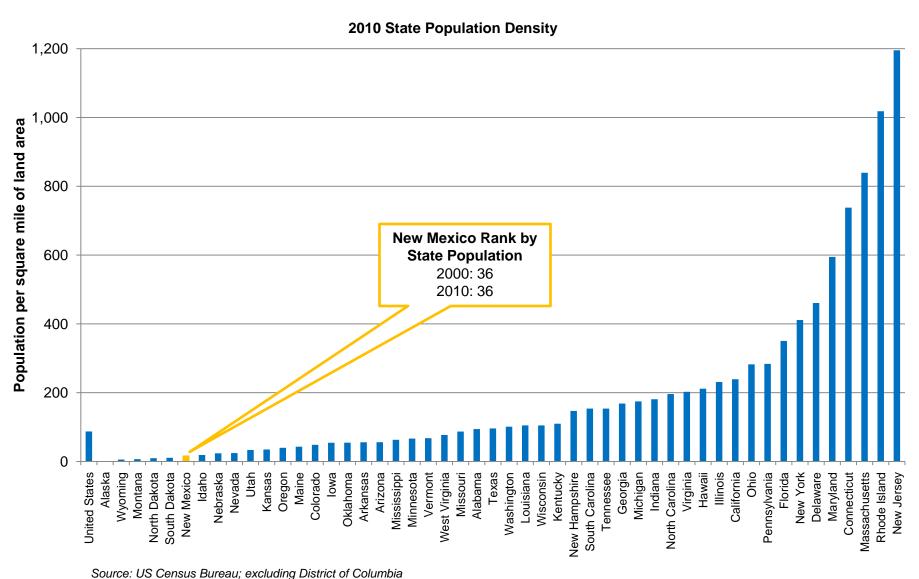


Three Electrical Grids with 2010 Census Population Density (1 Dot = 2,000)



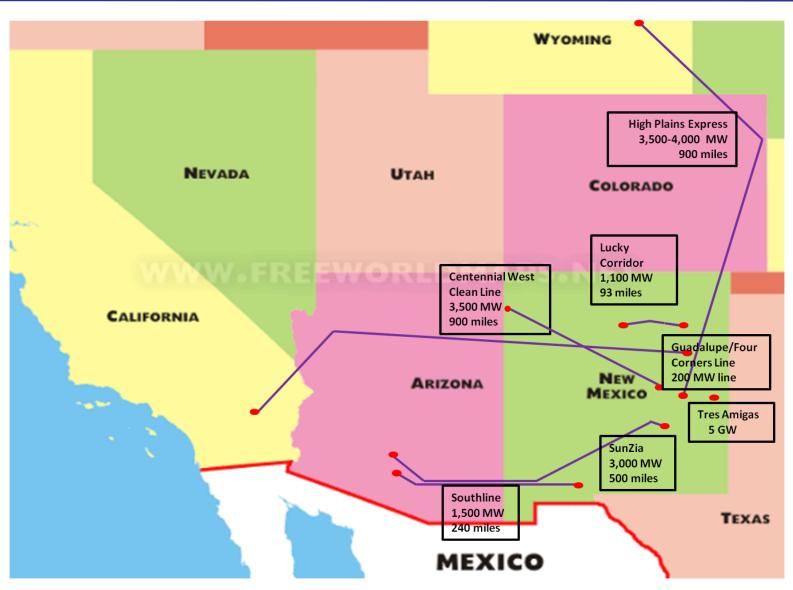
The US Density Table



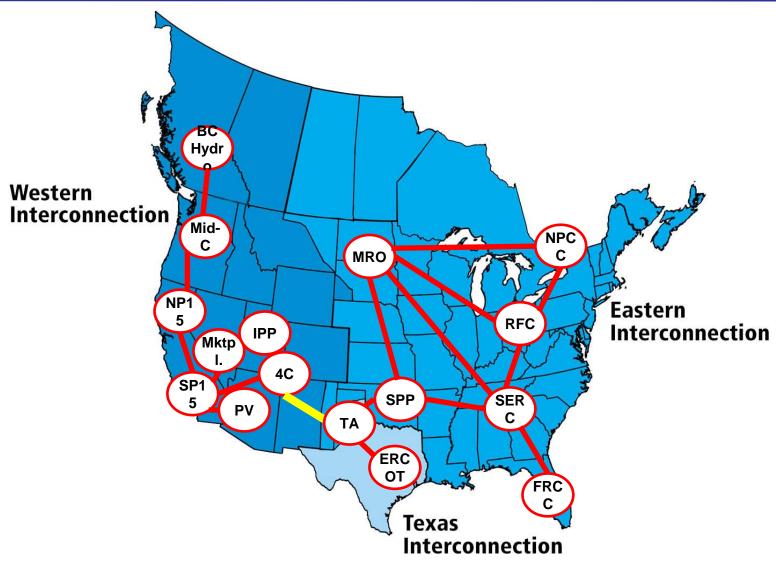


AC Transmission Lines



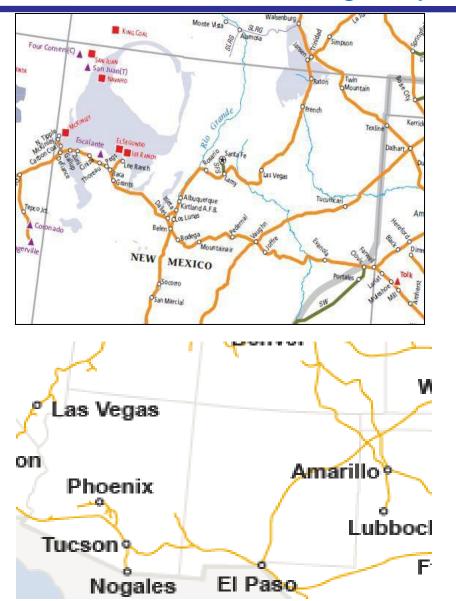








Rail lines and State Highways





TNME Key Points



Key Points:

- New Mexico is well recognized for its abundant renewable energy resources.
- Resources will remain undeveloped unless transmission can be built to carry that power to locations where it is needed.
- The New Mexico Express project could provide significant transmission capacity to accomplish that purpose and accordingly could benefit the economy of our state in a substantial way

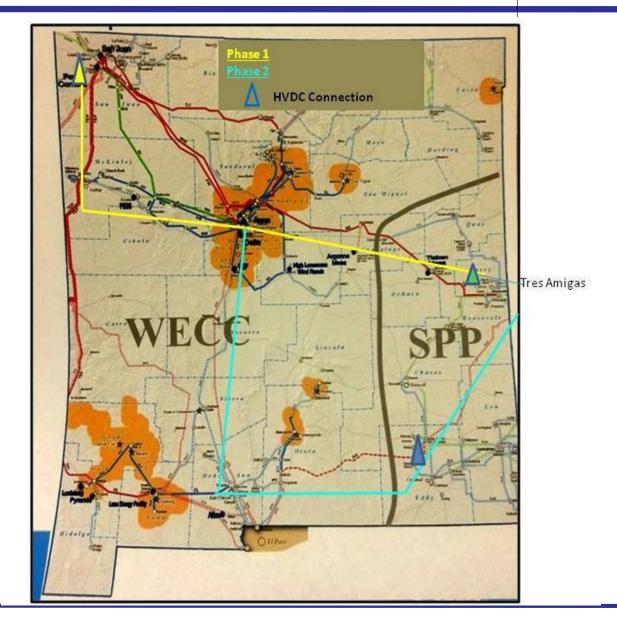
State Economic, Environmental and Policy Benefits of TNME

The benefits of building a buried HVDC superhighway in New Mexico entail:

- Economic Benefits
- Enhanced Reliability
- Increased Market Efficiency
- Consistent with National Energy Policy

State Map of TNME





TNME will create significant benefits for the New Mexico economy



- ✓ During construction, TNME will bring hundreds of new jobs to the state
 - TNME's in-state spending will not only bring benefits to the construction sector but also other sectors of the economy that service and support the construction and utility industries
- ✓ TNME will motivate new generation investment in New Mexico, by providing these generators with transmission access to markets to the East and West
 - New generation investment will spur the economy creating the potential for thousands of new jobs and expanding the state's GDP
- ✓ TNME's positive impact on the state economy will continue even after construction is complete
 - TNME proposes to generate revenue for the state through a service fee paid by shippers
 - TNME's sponsors are committed to involve local workforce to operate and maintain the transmission

Construction and operation of TNME will create jobs and expand economic activity in New Mexico

TRESAMIGAS

Bureau of Economic Analysis data predicts that for every \$100 million in construction-related spending, the **state economy will expand by \$190 million** and **1,800 new jobs**

Direct spending
Local construction
businesses benefit

Labor:
engineers and
construction
workers'
salaries



Non-Labor:
payment for
material and
services, as well as
purchase of
locally-procured
equipment

Indirect effect
Other local
businesses benefit

Workers spend
locally (restaurants,
health care, banks,
lodging,
entertainment,
recreation, etc.)



Local firms that receive payment from TNME for services can hire more workers, who also spend more locally

Induced effect
Local firms see increased
demand for their products
and services

Buy more raw materials from local suppliers

Hire more workers, increase salaries of current employees

Invest in new capital to expand production capacity

Increase payments to government (sales tax, income tax)

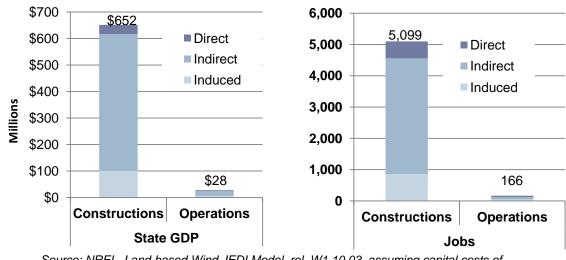


TNME will create opportunities for additional local investment in renewables - benefiting New Mexico



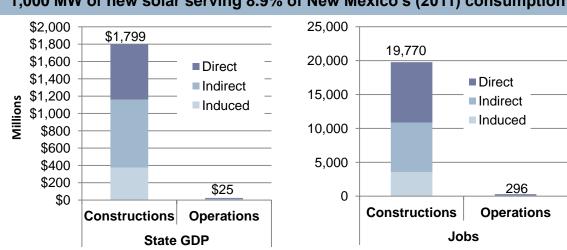
- 1,000 MW of new wind installation in 2020 at a total investment cost of \$2.6 billion- NREL estimates that about 17% or \$443 million would be spent locally in-state, as well as \$18 million in annual operating costs
- 1,000 MW of new solar capacity at a total investment cost a \$2.4 billion overall investment at current estimated capital costs - NREL estimates that about 48% or \$1.1 billion will be spent locally in-state, as well as \$19 million in annual operating costs

1,000 MW of new wind serving 9.4% of New Mexico's (2011) consumption



Source: NREL, Land-based Wind JEDI Model, rel. W1.10.03, assuming capital costs of \$2,592/KW and O&M costs of \$20/KW

1,000 MW of new solar serving 8.9% of New Mexico's (2011) consumption



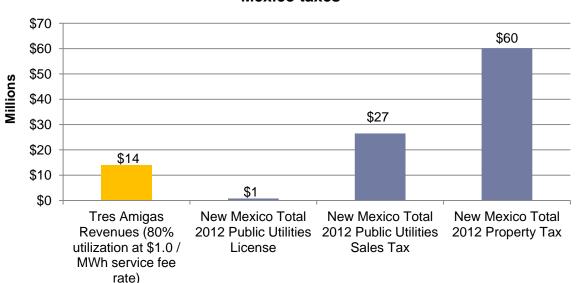
TNME is proposing a shippers pay a servie fee, which will then be remitted to New Mexico

Estimated service fee revenues compare favorably to other tax revenue streams the state currently receives – assuming a 80% utilization of TNME and a \$1.0 /MWh service fee rate, expected service fee revenues total \$14 million per annum

- More than 17 times New Mexico's total 2012 public utilities license
- 53% of New Mexico's total
 2012 public utilities sales tax
- 23% of New Mexico's total 2012 property tax

Revenues Collected, in millions per annum								
		Implied Energy Flows (TWh)						
		8.8	10.5	12.3	13.1	14.0	15.8	17.5
		Assumed Utilization Rate						
	_	50%	60%	70%	75%	80%	90%	100%
Service Fee Rate (\$/MWh)	\$0.25	\$2.2	\$2.6	\$3.1	\$3.3	\$3.5	\$3.9	\$4.4
	\$0.50	\$4.4	\$5.3	\$6.1	\$6.6	\$7.0	\$7.9	\$8.8
	\$0.75	\$6.6	\$7.9	\$9.2	\$9.9	\$10.5	\$11.8	\$13.1
ω <u>π</u>	\$1.00	\$8.8	\$10.5	\$12.3	\$13.1	\$14.0	\$15.8	\$17.5

Tres Amigas expected tax revenues compared to other New Mexico taxes







Tres Amigas SuperStation....

Uniting the Electric Grid